

MPICH2 Logging  
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## 1 Introduction

This manual assumes that MPICH2 has already been installed. For instructions on how to install MPICH2, see the MPICH2 Installer's Guide, or the README in the top-level MPICH2 directory. This manual will explain how the internal logging macros are generated and how the user can generate log files viewable in Jumpshot. Use of Jumpshot is described in the mpe documentation.

## 2 Configuring mpich2 to create log files

When users run configure they can specify logging options. There are three configure options to control logging.

`--enable-timing=<timing_type>`

Add this option to enable timing. The two options for `timing_type` are `log` and `log_detailed`. The `log` option will log only the MPI functions just like the MPE logging interface does. The `log_detailed` will log every function in mpich2. This option gives fine grained logging information and also creates large log files. It must be used in conjunction with a `timer_type` that can log very short intervals on the order of 100's of nanoseconds.

`--with-logging=<logger>`

Specify the logging library to use. Currently the only logger option is `rlog`.

`--enable-timer-type=<timer_type>`

Specify the timer type. The options are

- `gethrtime` - Solaris timer (Solaris systems only)
- `clock_gettime` - Posix timer (where available)
- `gettimeofday` - Most Unix systems
- `linux86_cycle` - Linux x86; uses cycle counts to approximate time in seconds
- `linuxalpha_cycle` - Like `linux86_cycle`, but for Linux Alpha
- `gcc_ia64_cycle` - IPF ar.itc timer

Here is an example:

```
mpich2/configure
    --enable-timing=log
    --with-logging=rlog
    --enable-timer-type=linux86_cycle
    ...
```

### 3 Generating log files

Run your mpi application to create intermediate `.irlog` files.

```
mpicc myapp.c -o myapp
mpiexec -n 3 myapp
```

There will be `.irlog` files created for each process:

```
log0.irlog
log1.irlog
log2.irlog
```

### 4 RLOG tools

For performance reasons each process produces a local intermediate log file that needs to be merged into a single rlog file. Use the rlog tools to merge the `.irlog` files into an `.rlog` file. The rlog tools are found in `mpich2.build/src/util/logging/rlog`. Currently they are not copied to the install directory.

**irlog2rlog**

This tool combines the intermediate `.irlog` files into a single `.rlog` file. The usage is: “`irlog2rlog outname.rlog input0.irlog input1.irlog ...`”. A shortcut is provided: “`irlog2rlog outname.rlog <num_files>`”. Execute `irlog2rlog` without any parameters to see the usage options.

**printrlog**

This tool prints the contents of an `.rlog` file.

**printirlog**

This tool prints the contents of an `.irlog` file.

Continuing the example from the previous section:

```
irlog2rlog myapp.rlog 3
```

will convert `log0.irlog`, `log1.irlog` and `log2.irlog` to `myapp.rlog`.

## 5 Viewing log files

This section describes how to view a log file

`.rlog` files can be printed from a command shell using the `printrlog` tool but the more interesting way to view the log files is from Jumpshot. Jumpshot displays `slog2` files and has a built in converter to convert `.rlog` files to `.slog2` files. Start Jumpshot and open your `.rlog` file. Jumpshot will ask you if you want to convert the file and you say yes.

## 6 Logging state code generation

This section can be skipped by users. It describes the internal scripts used to develop the logging macros.

This is how the `maint/genstates` script works:

1. `maint/updatefiles` creates `genstates` from `genstates.in` replacing `@PERL@` with the appropriate path to perl and then runs `genstates`.
2. `genstates` finds all `.i`, `.h` and `.c` files in the `mpich2` directory tree, searches for `_STATE_DECL` in each file and builds a list of all the `MPID_STATES`.
3. `genstates` finds all the `describe_states.txt` files anywhere in the `mpich2` tree.
4. `genstates` matches the states in the `describe_states.txt` files with the states it found in the `.i`, `.h` and `.c` files. It warns if states are described without being declared and discards these descriptions. It

produces errors if states are declared without being described in a `describe_states.txt` file.

5. The `describe_states.txt` file format is this:

```
MPID_STATE_XXX <user string for the state> <optional rgb color>
```

Here is an example line:

```
MPID_STATE_MPI_SEND MPI_Send 0 0 255
```

6. `genstates` outputs `mpich2/src/include/mpiallstates.h` with this enum in it:

```
enum MPID_TIMER_STATE
{
    MPID_STATE_XXX,
    ...
};
```

7. `genstates` outputs `mpich2/src/util/logging/describe_states.c` with the `MPIR_Describe_timer_states()` function in it. Currently, only the `rlog` version of `MPIR_Describe_timer_states()` is generated.